	Variety name	Harvest Time	Description	Available in our range in:
Early Summer	ELSANTA	Early June to middle of July	Firm sweet fruits resistant to bruising, disease resistant, high yields	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs, Strips
Early Summer	ROMINA	Early June to middle of July	Robust disease resistant variety, shiny aromatic fruits with excellent flavour	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs,
Early Summer	VIBRANT	Early June to middle of July	Very heavy crops, fruits very sweet, resistant to mildew	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs,
Early Summer	HONEYHOE	Early June to middle of July	Very winter tolerant, well suited for colder climates, heavy crops of large fruit suitable for freezing	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs, Strips
Midsummer	SWEETHEART Recommend by us	Early June to middle of July	Our own Kent bred variety, better crops then most main season varieties, large sweet juicy berries	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs,

Midsummer	CAMBRIDGE FAVOURITE	Early June to middle of July	Widely grown with impressive heavy crops of very sweets fruits	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs, Strips
Midsummer	SONATA	Early June to middle of July	Winter tolerant, for norther areas, will tolerate heavy rain without damage to fruit	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs,
Midsummer	RED GAUNTLET	Early June to middle of July	Large scarlet crimson conical fruit, vigorous and heavy cropping	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs
Midsummer	FENELLA	Early June to middle of July	Glossy fruit with firm skin, suitable for longer storage	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs,
Late Summer	JUDIBELL	Late July to September	Uniformly shaped fruit with excellent favour	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs,
Late Summer	SYMPHONY	Late July to September	Suitable for climates with high rainfall, heavy crops of smaller fruit, popular children variety	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs, Strips
Perpetual / Day neutral	ALBION Recommend by us	From June till October	Consistent crop of dark conical berries	9cm pots, jumbo 6packs,

	with excellent	
	favour	

Strawberry Care Guide:

PLANTING - plant in sunny location, as strawberries dislike shady areas and will no perform to their full potential

The Pollination is essential for fruit production, this is taken care of by pollinating insect.

If you decide to grow Strawberries in a greenhouse just run your hand over the open flowers, and the pollinating job is done.

WATERING – Strawberries are thirsty plants, make sure they have enough water supply specially during hot weather, try to avoid spraying water on fruits to avoid blemishes and rot settling in. Water at the root of the plant

FEEDING – Strawberries require high potash feed like Tomato fertiliser in order to produce good crops of berries. This needs to apply regularly once the fruit starts growing.

Alternatively slow-release fertiliser can be applied at the start of the season for trouble-free contact supply of feed.

HARVESTING – pick the strawberries when they are red but still firm, by pulling on stalk, to avoid bruising. Avoid picking in hot weather, the strawberry skin turns soft and mushy when touched.

COVERING – Birds (specially Blackbirds) are great at finding and eating strawberries as soon as they turned red. If you do not mind sharing, no need to do anything. However, if sharing gets out of hand there is an option of fruit protecting netting which needs to be installed correctly to prevent any damage to the wildlife.